



THE
NEW ZEALAND GAZETTE
 EXTRAORDINARY.

Published by Authority.

WELLINGTON, MONDAY, APRIL 27, 1885.

Further Proroguing the General Assembly.

(L.S.)

WM. F. DRUMMOND JERVOIS, Governor.

To the LEGISLATIVE COUNCILLORS of the Colony of NEW ZEALAND and the MEMBERS elected to serve in the HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES of the said Colony, summoned and called to a Meeting of the General Assembly of the said Colony, at the City of Wellington, on the twenty-eighth day of the month of April instant to have been commenced and held, and to every of you—GREETING :

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS on the eighteenth day of March last the General Assembly of New Zealand was prorogued to the twenty-eighth day of the present month of April, at which time you were held constrained to appear: Now KNOW YE that for divers causes and considerations I have thought fit to relieve you and each of you of your attendance at the time aforesaid, hereby convoking and by these presents enjoining you and each of you that on Friday, the eighth day of May next, you meet in Parliament at the City of Wellington, there to take into consideration the state and welfare of the said Colony of New Zealand, and therein to do as may seem necessary.

Given under the hand of His Excellency Sir William Francis Drummond Jervois, Lieutenant-General in Her Majesty's Army, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Companion of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same; and issued under the Seal of the said Colony, at the Government House, at Wellington, this twenty-seventh day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five.

P. A. BUCKLEY.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions. It emphasizes that every entry should be clearly documented, including the date, amount, and purpose of the transaction. This ensures transparency and allows for easy reconciliation of accounts.

In the second section, the author outlines the various methods used to collect and analyze data. These methods include direct observation, interviews, and the use of specialized software tools. Each method is described in detail, highlighting its strengths and potential limitations.

The third section focuses on the results of the data analysis. It presents a series of tables and graphs that illustrate the trends and patterns observed in the data. The author provides a detailed interpretation of these results, explaining their significance in the context of the study.

Finally, the document concludes with a summary of the findings and a discussion of their implications. The author suggests several areas for further research and provides recommendations for how the findings can be applied in practice.